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Seventy selected views

SEVENTY SELECTED VIEWS

CHATTANOOGA, LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN, CHICKAMAUGA AND CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.:
T. H. PAYNE & COMPANY.

RAND, MCNALLY & CO., PRINTERS AND ENGRAVERS, CHICAGO.

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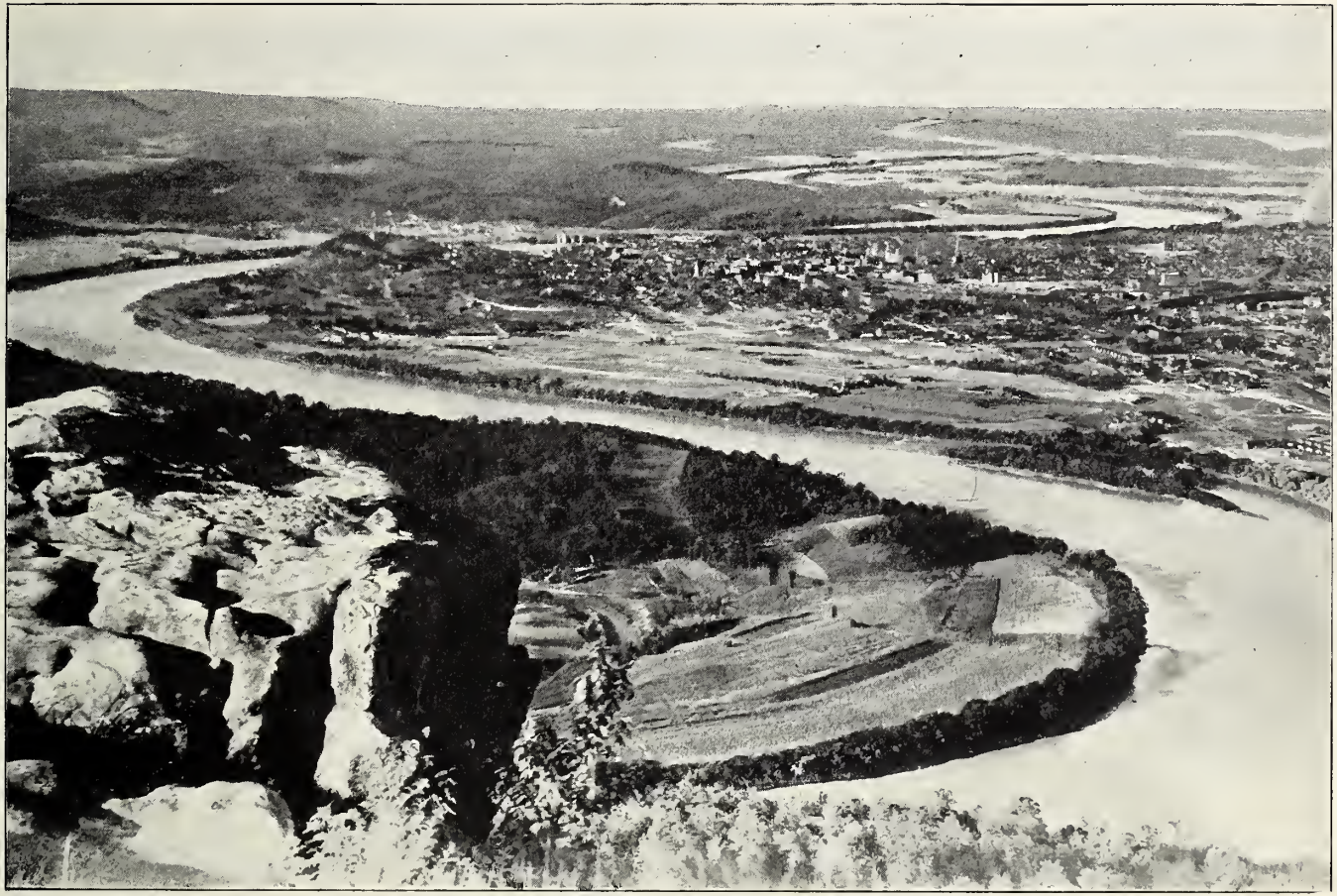
In the early part of September, 1863, General Bragg held Chattanooga. Rosecrans, anxious to gain this important position, and realizing the hopelessness of a direct attack, determined by outflanking him to compel his adversary to withdraw. He succeeded in crossing, with the main body of the Federal army, the Tennessee River some miles below the city. Bragg promptly moved south as far as Lafayette, Ga., and on the 19th and 20th of the month the two armies fought the terrible Chickamauga battle.

The exhausted Union army retired to Chattanooga, where they were closely invested by the Confederates. Soon after this General Grant assumed the command of the Federal forces, and, after having been heavily reinforced, on November 23d ordered a general attack on the enemy's lines. General Hooker carried Lookout Mountain, meeting with but slight resistance. The divisions under Thomas carried Mission Ridge, by a gallant charge, on November 25th. After the famous three days' battle, Bragg withdrew his army into Georgia.

Authorities differ somewhat as to the respective numerical strength of the two armies in the battle of Chickamauga. According to Col. Archer Anderson, the Federal force numbered 59,000, the Confederate about 55,000. Generals Boynton and Cist claim that the Confederates outnumbered their adversaries by several thousand. The Federal loss was more than 16,000, that of the Confederates between 17,000 and 18,000, on each side considerable more than 25 per cent of the whole force. In the battles about Chattanooga the Union losses were nearly 5,300; the Confederate loss is not known. There were many famous soldiers connected with the military movements about Chattanooga and Chickamauga in the fall of 1863. The following is a partial list of Union officers: Grant, Rosecrans, Thomas, Sherman, Hooker, Sheridan, Wood, O. O. Howard, and Garfield, then an officer on Rosecrans' staff. Gen. W. H. Lytle, a poet of considerable reputation as well as a gallant soldier, was killed at Chickamauga. On the Confederate side were such men as Bragg, Longstreet, D. H. Hill, Polk, N. B. Forrest, John B. Hood, Buckner, and others.

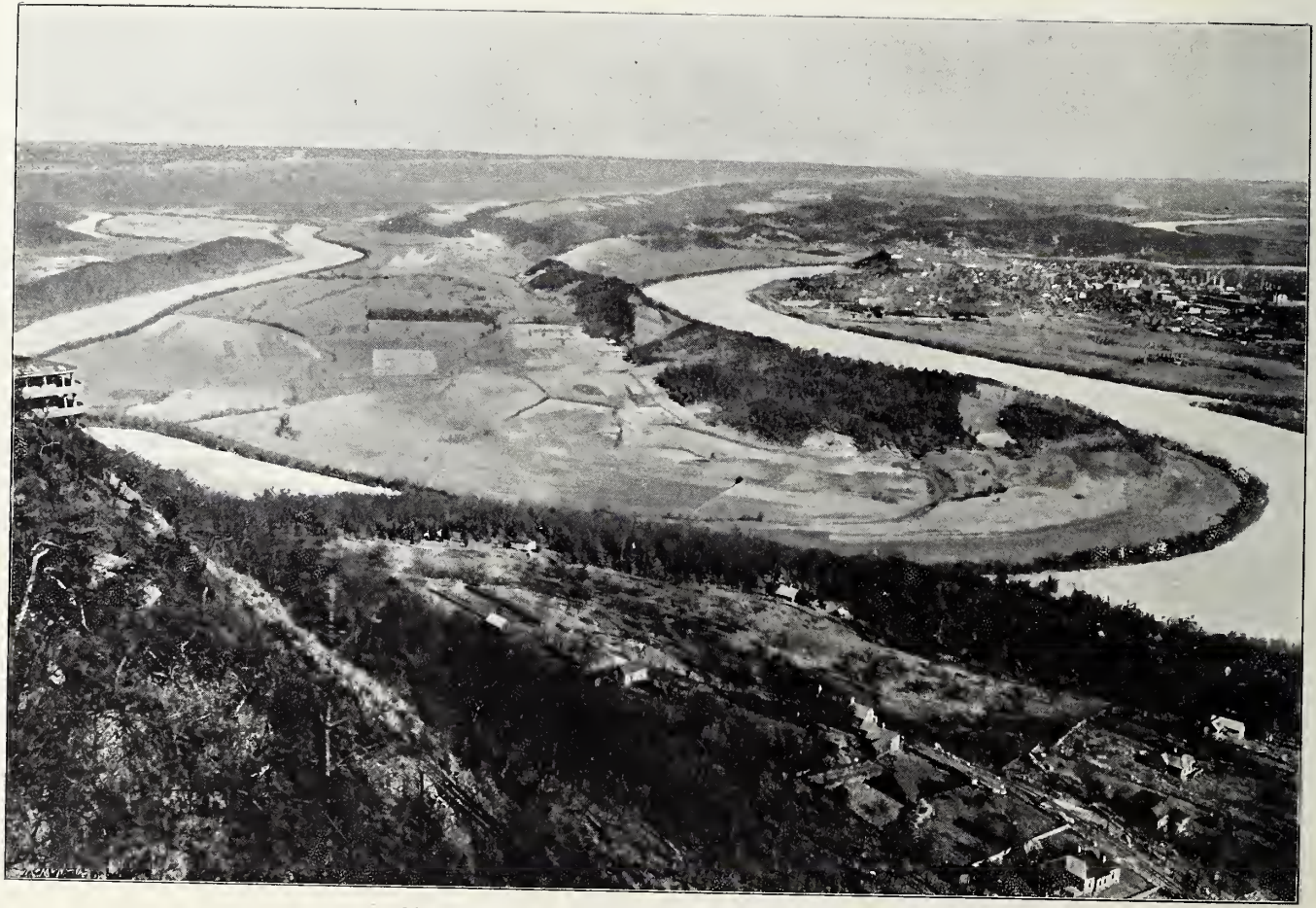
There were two incidents of these battles that have become especially famous. The first was the gallant stand made by General Thomas, after the rout of the right wing of the Federal army at Chickamauga. For several hours he stood at bay against overwhelming numbers, and by his action saved the army from destruction. The second was Hooker's "Battle above the Clouds," since celebrated in song and story.



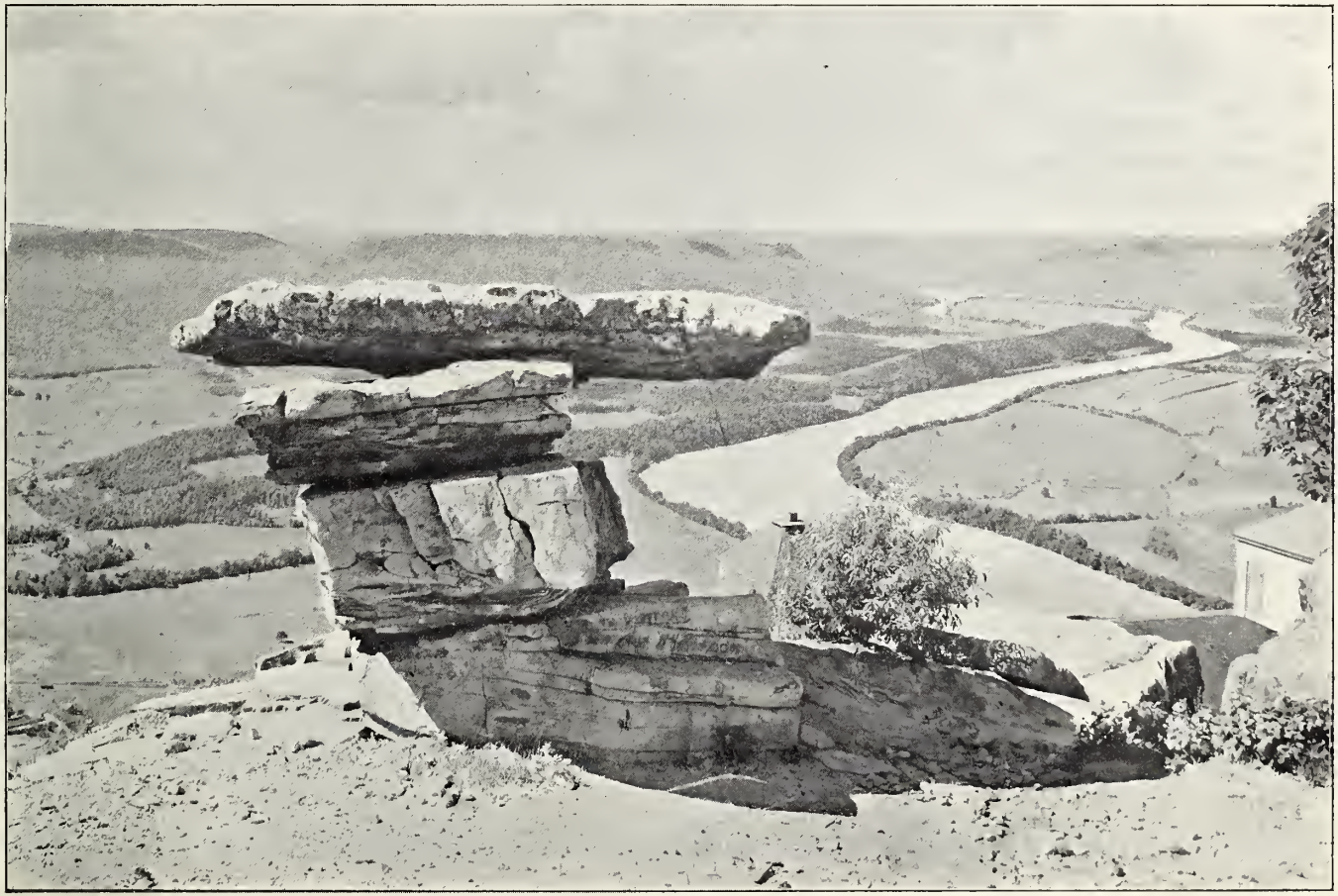
Chattanooga and Tennessee River, from Point Lookout.

Lookout Mountain, from Tennessee River.

Lookout Inn.



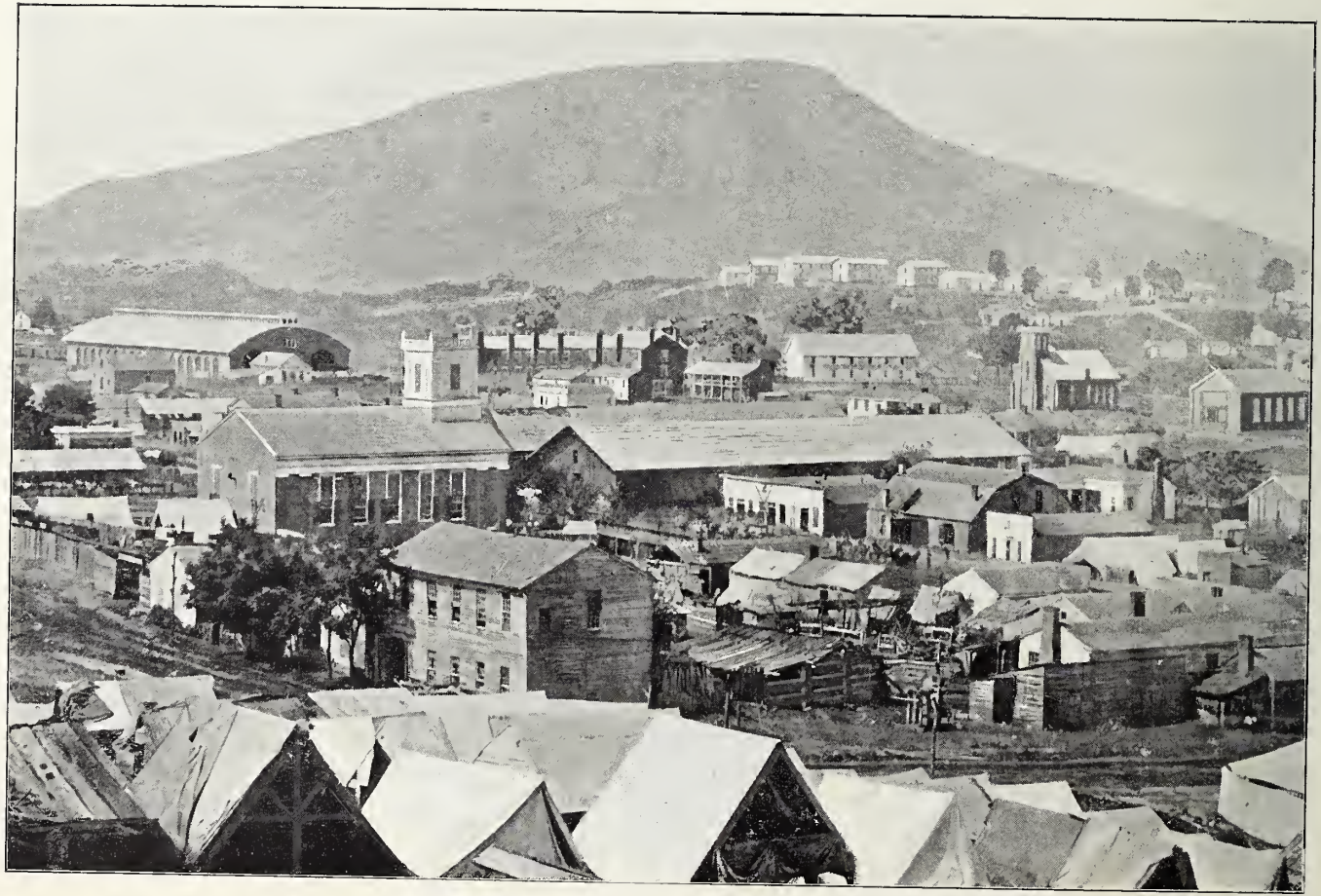
Moccasin Bend, Tennessee River, from Point Lookout.



Umbrella Rock. Raccoon Mountains in Distance.

General Grant and Staff — Taken on Point Lookout, 1863.

Craven House, General Walthall's Headquarters, Lookout Mountain.

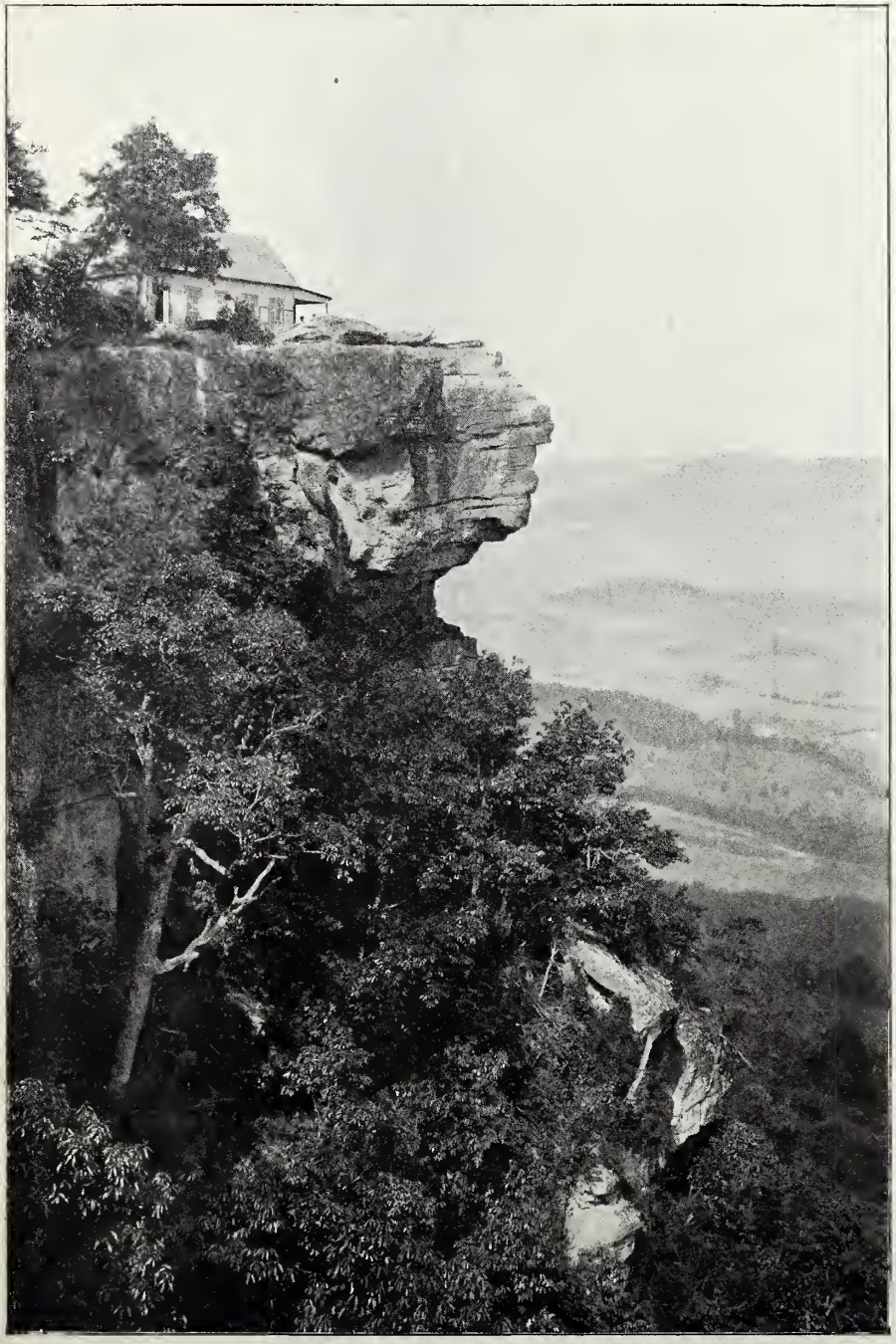


Chattanooga in 1863. Lookout Mountain in Distance.

Lulah Lake.

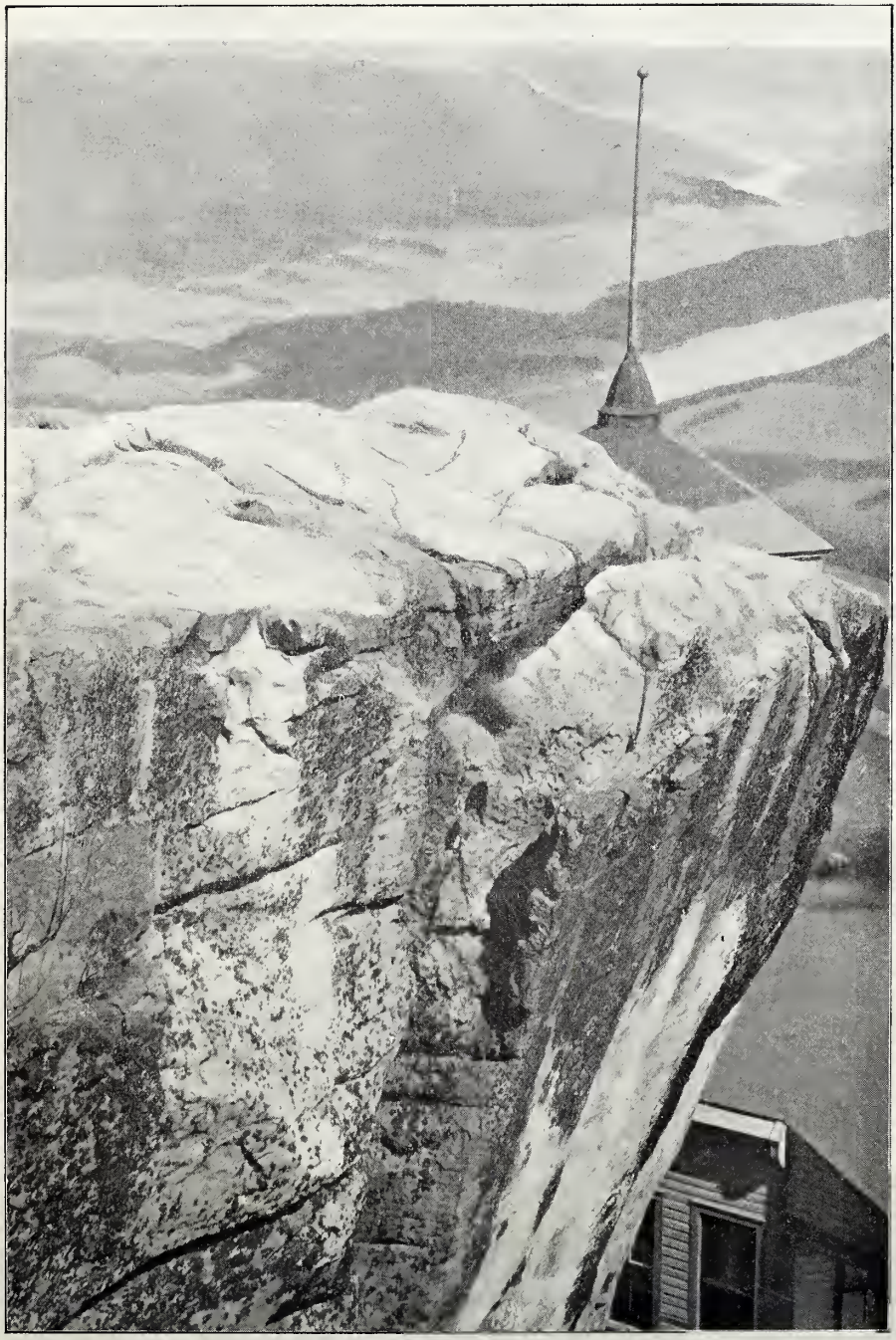
Lulah Falls, 130 feet high

Roper's Rock.

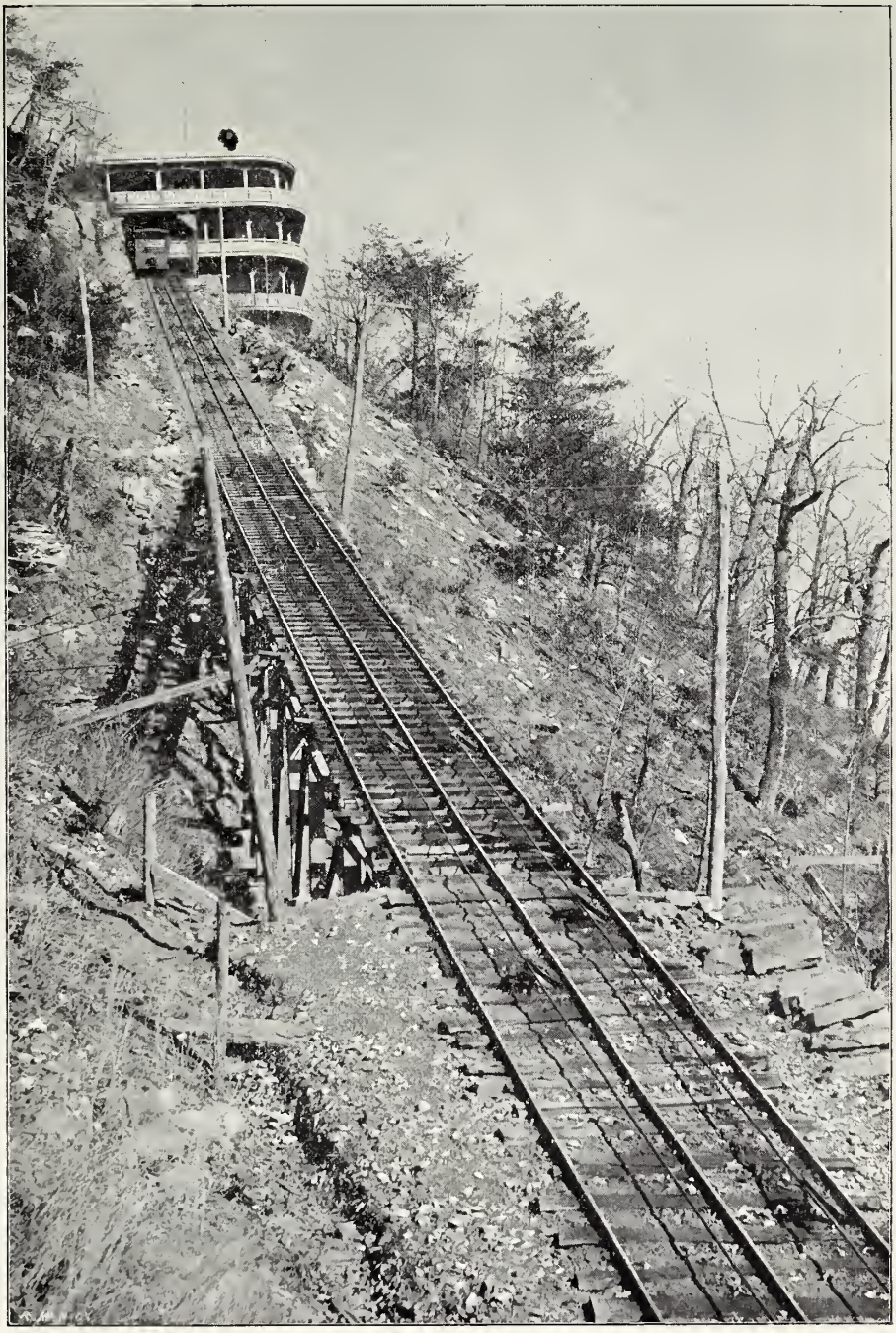


Sunset Rock.

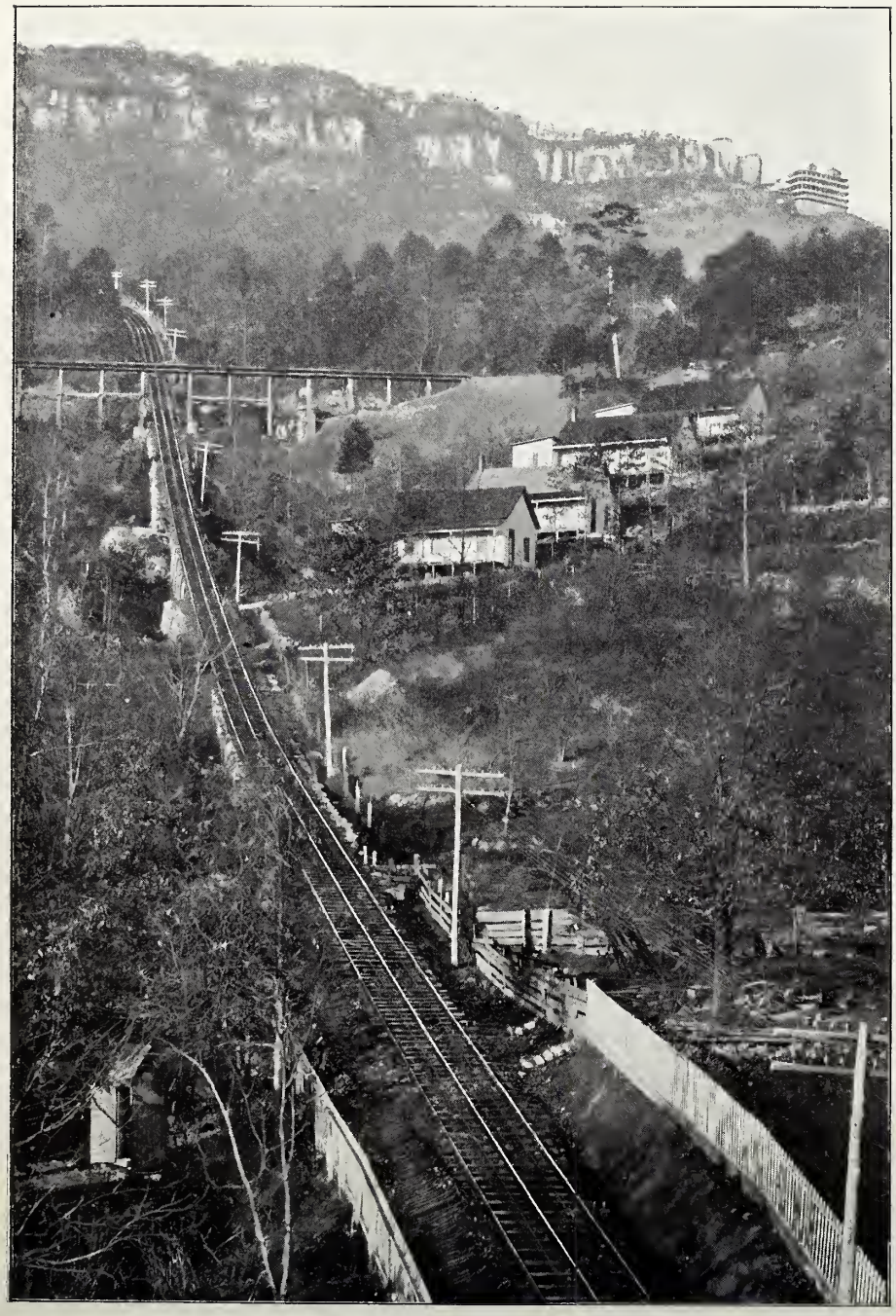
Looking down Incline Railway. Missionary Ridge in Distance.



Point Lookout

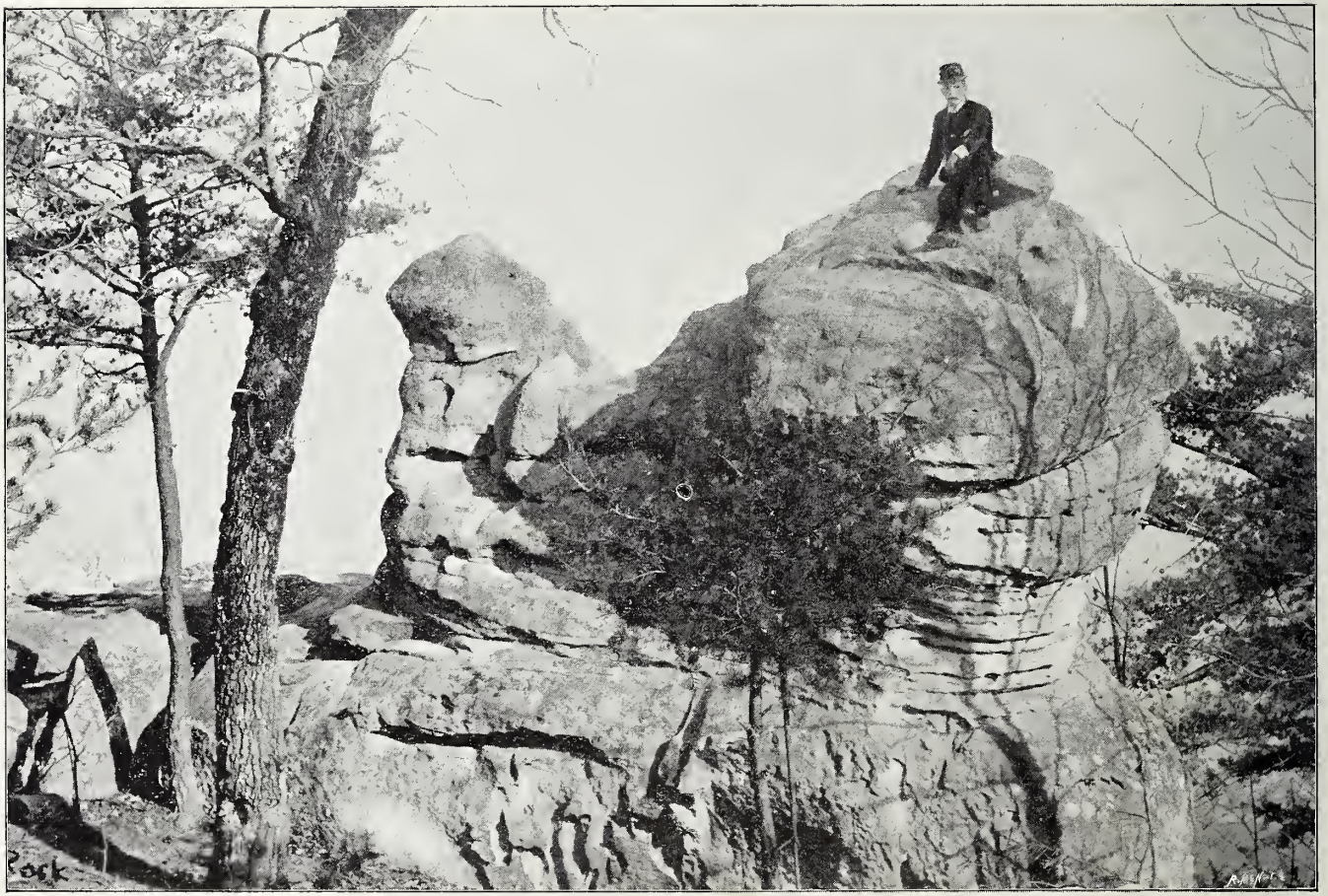


Incline Railway nearing the Point.



Looking up Incline Railway.

Sunset, from Sunset Rock.



Saddle Rock, Lookout Mountain.

Andrews Raiders' Monument, National Cemetery, Chattanooga.

At Main Entrance, National Cemetery, Chattanooga.

"Graves of the Unknown," National Cemetery, Chattanooga.

View in National Cemetery, Chattanooga.

Orchard Knob, General Grant's Headquarters.

De Long Point, Mission Ridge.

Bragg's Headquarters, Mission Ridge

Boulevard, Mission Ridge.

Chattanooga, from Cameron Hill.

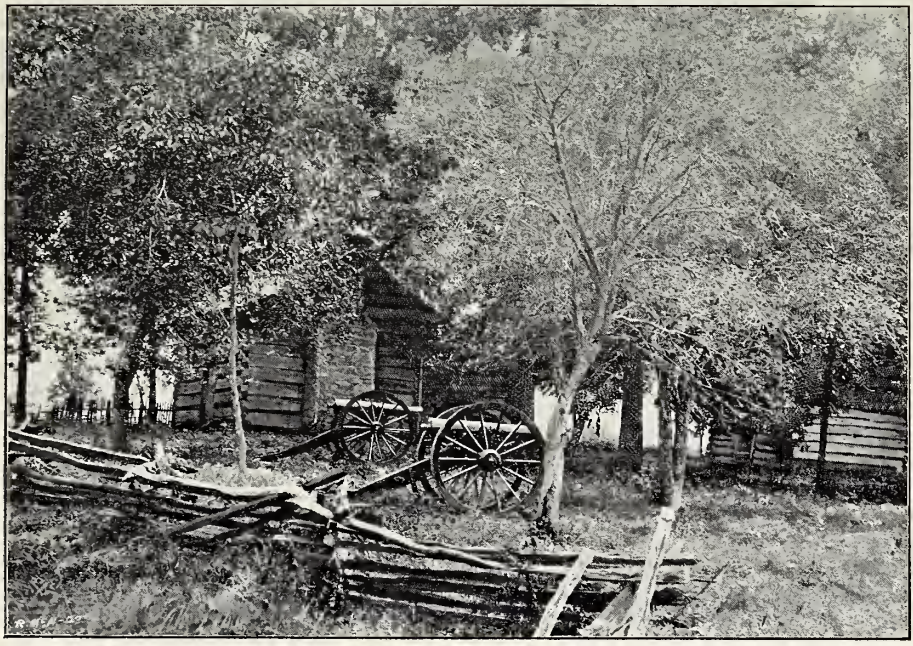
Fountain Square.

Market Street, Chattanooga.

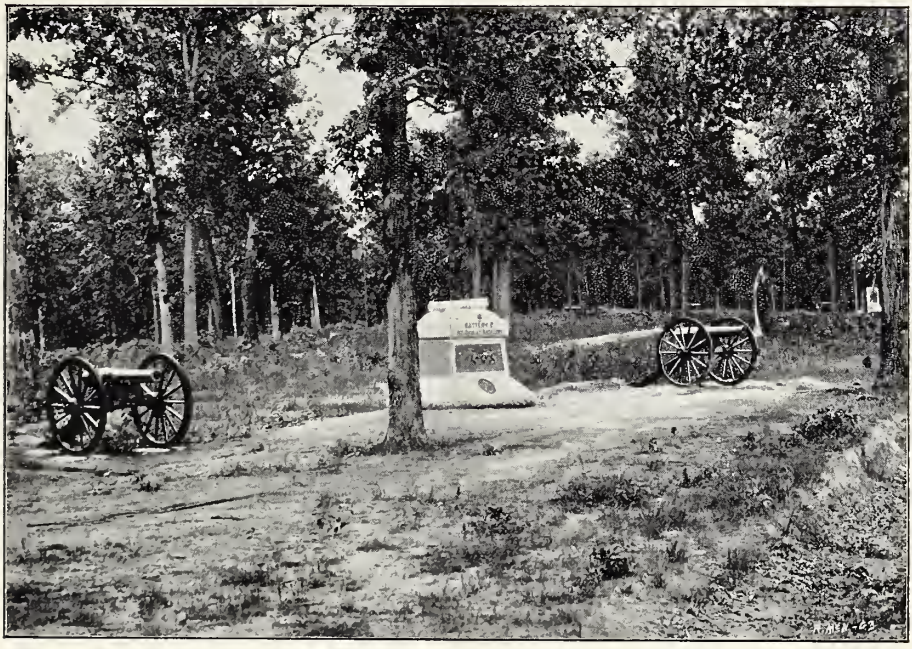
County Bridge over Tennessee River.

Snodgrass House.

Bloody Pond, Chickamauga Battlefield.



Brotherton House.



View near Poe Field, Looking Northwest from Road.

Alexander's Bridge

Monuments on Snodgrass Hill.

Viniard House.

Poe Field, Looking West.

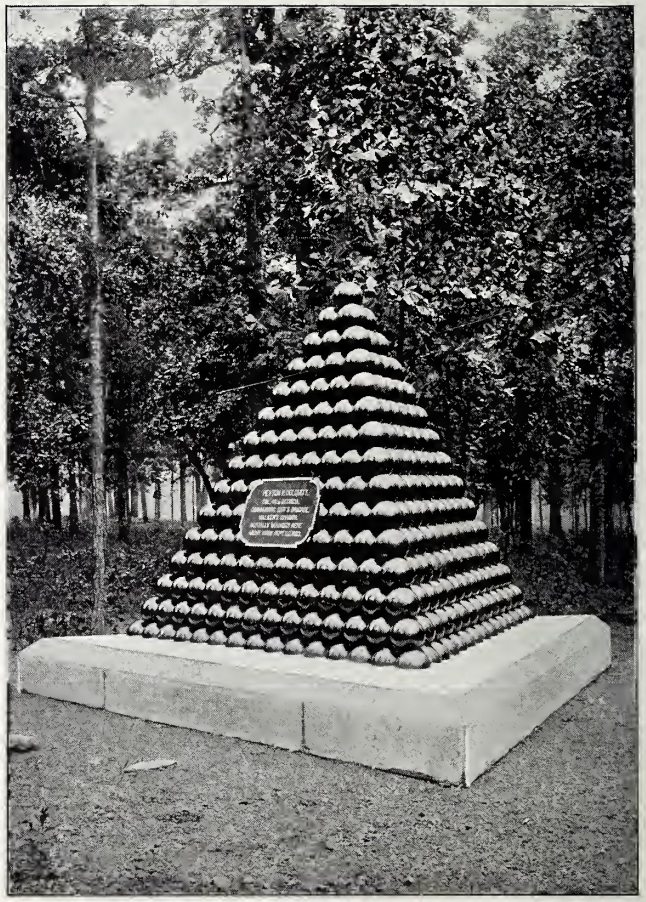
Viditoe House.

Looking North from Snodgrass Hill.

Lee & Gordons' Mill.

Near Widow Glenn's, Looking North Toward Bloody Pond.

Shell Monument, Marking Spot where Col. P. P. Baldwin Fell.



Shell Monument, Marking Spot where Col. Peyton H. Colquitt Fell.

Tower, Snodgrass Hill.

General Wilder's Monument During Construction.

Monuments, National Military Park.

Monuments, National Military Park.

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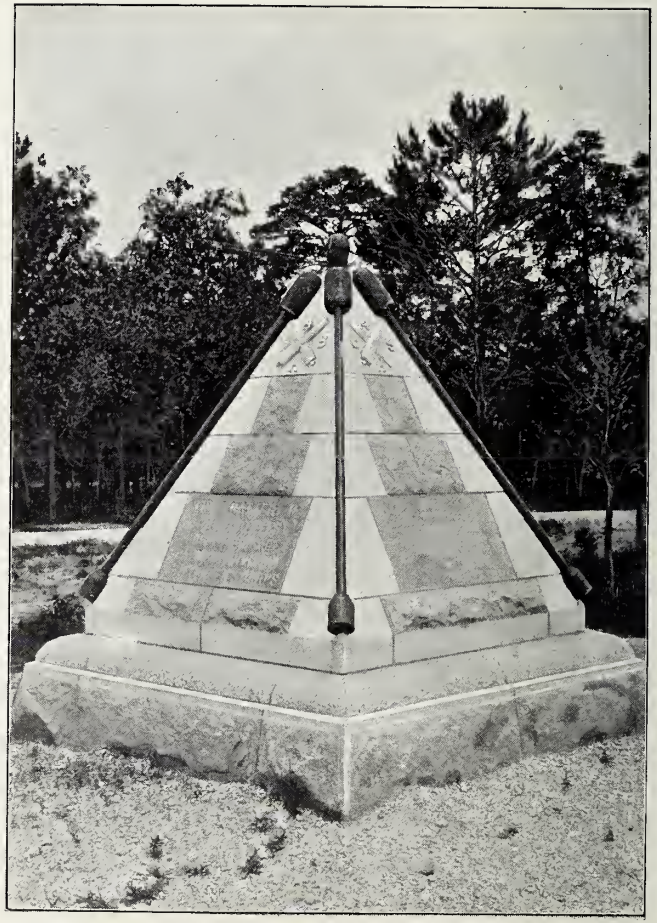
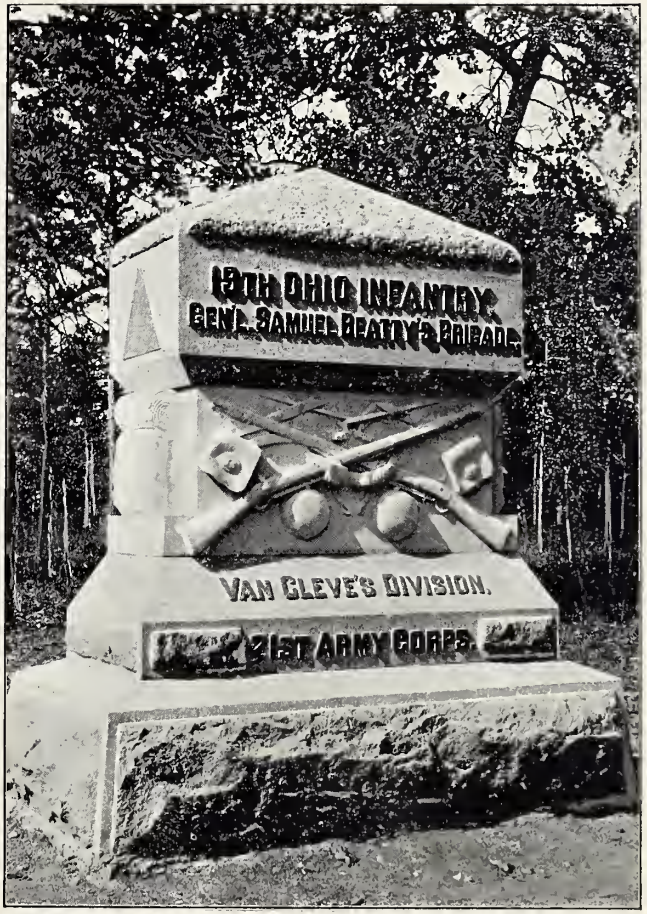
Monuments, National Military Park.



Monuments, National Military Park.



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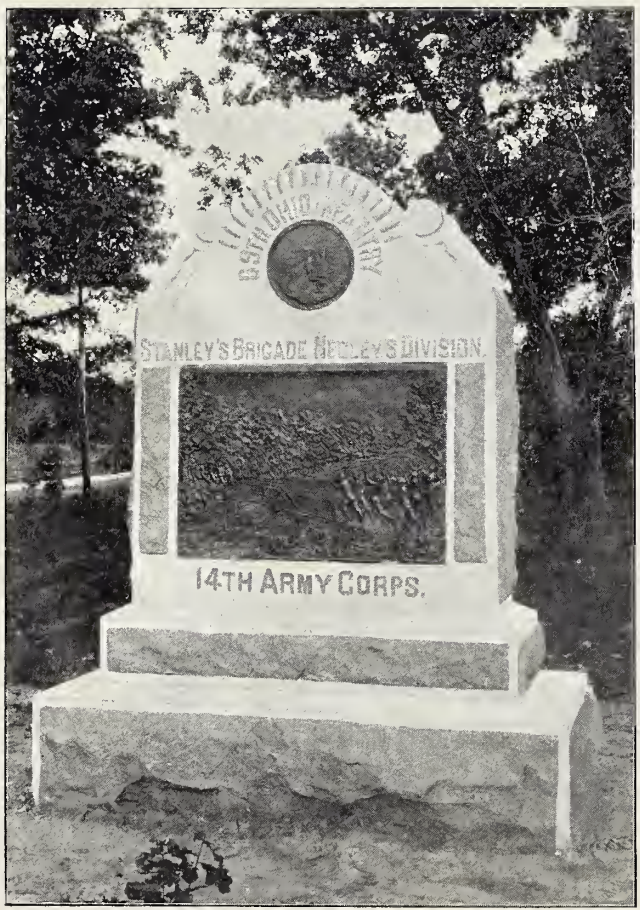

Monuments, National Military Park.

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